

ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2022



Registration number 2010/017614/07

Annual Financial Statement of the year ended 30 June 2022

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Abbreviations

COIDA	Compensation for Occupational Injuries and Diseases
DEA	Department of Environmental Affairs
FNB	First National Bank
IDC	Industrial Development Corporation
SARS	South African Revenue Services

THALEDA Thaba Chweu Local Economic Development Agency

GRAP General Recognised Accounting Practice

Audited
By

2022 -11- 3 0

Auditor General South Africa
Mpumalanga Business Unit

Registration number 2010/017614/07

Annual Financial Statement of the year ended 30 June 2022

Additional Information

Country of Incorporation and domicile

South Africa

Nature of business and principal activities

Local Economic Development and Related

Activities

Shareholders

Thaba Chweu Local Municipality

Directors

MJ Thobejane (Chairperson)

K Tshinetise SJ Jacobus T Rabelani B Manasoe

Registered Office

CNR Viljoen and Sentraal Street

Lydenburg 1120

Business address

168 JT waterval Farm

Old Lydenburg road (Castle rock caravan park)

Sabie 1260

Postal address

P.O.Box 876

Sabie 1260

Bankers

First National bank

Auditors

Auditor General South Africa

Company registration

2010/017614/07

Preparer

The Financial Statements were internally compiled by:

Mr D Zitha CFA(IcbaSA), BAP (SA) SAIBA

Accounting Officer

Mr Jean Mantsengwane (Acting)

Audited
By

2022 -11- 3 0

Auditor General South Africa
Mpumalanga Business Unit

Registration number 2010/017614/07

Annual Financial Statement of the year ended 30 June 2022

Director's Responsibilities and Approval

The Director is required by the Companies Act of South Africa, 2008, to maintain adequate accounting records and is responsible for the content and integrity of the financial statement and related financial information in this report. It is his responsibility to ensure that the annual financial statement fairly present the state of affairs of the Agency as at end of the financial year and the results of its operations and cash flows for the period then ended, in conformity with Generally Recognised Accounting Practices. The external auditors are engaged to express an independent opinion on the financial statements.

The financial statements are prepared in accordance with Generally Recognised Accounting Practice(GRAP) and are based upon appropriate accounting policies consistently applied and supported by reasonable and prudent judgements and estimates.

The Director acknowledges that he is ultimately responsible for the internal financial control established by the Agency and places considerable importance on maintaining a strong control environment. To enable the director to meet these responsibilities, the Board sets standards for internal control aimed at reducing the risk of error or loss in a cost effective manner. The standards include the proper delegation of responsibilities within a clearly declined framework, effective accounting procedures and adequate segregation of duties to ensure an acceptable level risk. These controls are monitored throughout the Agency and all employees are required to maintain the highest ethical standards in ensuring the Agency's business in conducted in a manner that in all reasonable circumstances is able reproach. The focus of risk management in the Agency is on identifying, assessing, managing and monitoring all known forms of risks across the Agency. While operating risk cannot be fully eliminated, the Agency endeavours to minimise it by ensuring that appropriate infrastructure, controls, systems and ethical behaviour are applied and managed within predetermined procedures and constraints.

The Director is the opinion, based on the information and explanations given by management, that the system of internal control provides reasonable assurance that the financial records may be relied on for the preparation of the financial statements. However, any system of internal financial control can provide only reasonable, and not absolute, assurance against material misstatement or loss.

	ages 4 to 21 were approved by the Board on ned on its behalf by:
Accounting Officer	Audited By
	2022 -11- 3 0
	Auditor General South Africa Mpumalanga Business Unit

Registration number 2010/017614/07 Annual Financial Statement of the year ended 30 June 2022

Statement of	of	Financial	Position	as a	t 30	June 2022
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Figures in Rand	Note(S)	2022	2021
Assets			
ASSEIS			
Non-Current Assets			
Property plant and equipment	2	20 852	39 929
Intangible assets	3	0	0
Total Non-current assets		20 852	39 929
Current Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	4	5 071	19 377
Trade and other receivables from exchange transactions	5	4 935	4 934
Total current assets		10 006	24 311
Total Assets		30 858	64 240
Liabilities			
Current liabilities			
Leave provisions	6	23 003	21 375
Trade and other payables from exchange transactions	7	1 167 529	1 229 241
Vat Payable	8	241 542	161 412
Total current liabilities		1 432 074	1 412 028
Total Liabilities		1 432 074	1 412 028
Net assets		(1 401 216)	(1 347 788)

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2022 -11- 3 0

Auditor General South Africa Mpumalanga Business Unit

Registration number 2010/017614/07

Annual Financial Statement of the year ended 30 June 2022

Statement of Financial Performance for the year ended 30 June 2022

Figures in Rand	Note(S)	2022	2021
Revenue			
Revenue from exchange transactions			
Caravan park revenue	9	20 383	1 957
Project monitoring fees	10	606 715	729 380
Total revenue from exchange transactions	_	627 098	731 337
Revenue from non-exchange transactions			
Investment Income-Interest	11	-	4 047
Thaba Chweu Local Municipality Grant		500 000	500 000
Total revenue from non-exchange transactions		500 000	504 047
Total revenue	_	1 127 098	1 235 384
Expenditure			
Board of Directors - remuneration	12	28 366	62 755
Caravan park expenses	13	23 839	20 870
Depreciation and Amortisation	14	19 077	20 717
Employee cost	15	573 223	538 278
General expenses	16	528 506	2 115 439
Repairs and maintenance	17	7 5 1 5	-
Total expenses	-	1 180 526	2 758 059
			// 700 0
Net surplus/(Deficit) for the year		(53 428)	(1 522 675)

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2022 -11- 3 0

Auditor General South Africa Mpumalanga Business Unit

Registration number 2010/017614/07 Annual Financial Statement of the year ended 30 June 2022

Cash Flow Statement for the year ended 30 June 2021

Figures in Rand	Note(S)	2022	2021
Cash flows from operating activities			
Cash generated by operating activities	18	(94 438)	(104 003)
Interest received	11	-	4 047
Tax - VAT receivable		80 132	87 482
Net cash from operating activities		(14 306)	(12 474)
Cash flows from investing activities			
Purchase of Property plant and equipment's	2	-	(10 172)
Net cash from investing activities		в.	(10 172)
Increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(14 306)	(22 646)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year		19 377	42 023
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the year	4	5 071	19 377

Audited By 2022 -11- 3-0 Auditor General South Africa Mpumalanga Business Unit

THABA CHWEU LOCAL ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT AGENCY (PTY)LTD Registration number 2010/017614/07

Annual Financial Statement of the year ended 30 June 2022

Statement of Net Assets as at 30 June 2021

grown a		guing 1
-1CH1	COC III	Land
I IUU	CO 11	Rand

Balance at 01 July 2020
Surplus (Deficit) for the year
Balance at 01 July 2021
Prior year Adjustment
Net Surplus/ (Deficit) for the year
Balance as at 30 June 2022

Capital Contribution	Accumulated Surplus	Total net assets
100	174 787	174 887
_	(1 522 675)	(1 522 675)
100	(1 347 888)	(1 347 788)
	-	-
-	(53 428)	(53 428)
100	(1 401 316)	(1 401 216)

Audited Ву

2022 -11- 3 0

Auditor General South Africa Mpumalanga Business Unit

Registration number 2010/017614/07

Annual Financial Statement of the year ended 30 June 2022

Statement of Comparison of Budget and Actual amount

Figures in Rand	Approved Budget	Adjustme	Final Budget	Actual amounts	Variance	Reference
Revenue	3 148 568		3 192 282	1 127 098		
Thaba Chweu Local Municipal Grant	i 2 000 000		2 000 000	500 000	(1 500 000)	1
Investment income	50 000		50 000	-	(50 000)	2
Revenue from Projects	798 568		842 282	627 098	(215 184)	3
Other revenue	300 000	-	300 000	-	(300 000)	4
Expenditures	3 124 967		3 124 557	1 160 526		
Employee cost	1 916 304	-	1 916 304	573 223	1 343 081	5
Operational cost	295 714	-	295 714	141 275	154 439	6
Staff training	60 000	~-	60 000	4 672	55 328	7
Social Capital	60 000	-	60 000	-	60 000	8
Travel and accommodation	30 000		30 000	16 268	13 732	9
Contents costs	524 000	-	524 000	396 722	127 278	10
Audit Committee remuneration	59 495		59 085		59 085	11
Board Members remuneration	179 455		179 455	28 366	151 089	12

1 Equity grant from Thaba Chweu Municipality was partially received. Audited

- Investment account could not earn interest as the account balance was lower than the 2 the expected balance due to delay in grant funding for the period.
- Income was not earned as expected on the tourism projects due to the covid 19 pandemic 3 lockdowns.economy still recovering. Auditor General South Africa Other income was not received in the year 2021/2022
- Some positions were vacant during the period. 5
- 6 Limited funds, some items were not implemented,
- 7 Some positions were vacant during the period as a result this item was not fully implemented.
- Item not implement as it was budgeted on grant not yet received.
- Few meetings were held than expected and most of them were held via Zoom. 9
- 10 Delays in land realises from Department and grants have resulted to delays in projects implementations.
- 11 No Audit Committee meeting was held during the financial year because the Audit Committee positions werestill vacant.
- 12 Few Board meetings were held than the budgeted number of meetings.

Mpumalanga Business Unit

Registration number 2010/017614/07

Annual Financial Statement of the year ended 30 June 2022

Accounting Policies

1 Presentation of Financial Statements

The annual financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Standard of Generally Recognised Accounting Practices (GRAP) prescribe by the Minister of finance in terms of General Notice 991 and 1992 of 2005. This annual financial statements have been prepared on accrual basis of accounting and are in accordance with historic cost convention unless specified otherwise.

A summary of the significant accounting polies, which have been consistently applied are disclosed below.

A summary of the accounting policies are consistent with previous periods

1,1 Property plants and equipment

Office furniture and computer equipment's are tangible items that:

- are held for use in the Agency for administrative purposes.

-and are expected to be used more than one period.

Property, plant and equipment are stated at historic cost less accumulated depreciation and impairm Depreciation is calculated on a straight line basis to write off the cost of assets to their expected residual values.

Audited

The estimated useful lives of property, plant and equipment are currently as follows:

Item Useful life

Computer equipment 3 years
Furniture and fittings 10 years 2022 -11- 3 0

Office equipment's 5 years Machinery 5 years

1,2 Revenue

Revenue comprise of conditional grants received from Industrial Development Corporation(IDC), The Chweu Local Municipality, Department of Environmental affairs for the development of Mashishing Community park and other income from Private sector, interest received from FNB 7 days notice accounts and bind documents sales. Grants are recognised when there is reasonable assurance that the agency will comply with the conditions attached to them, that the grant will be received and these grants can be measured reliably.

Contract revenue

Where the outcome of a construction contract cannot be estimated reliable, revenue has been recognised only to the extent of contract costs incurred that it is probable recoverable.

1,3 Financial Instruments

Financial instruments carried on the statement of financial position include cash and bank balances, receivables and payables. Financial assets and liabilities are accountant for at cost. Subsequently these financial instruments are measured at amortised cost using effective interest rate method, less any impairment loss recognised to reflect irrecoverable amounts.

1,4 Current expenditure

Expenditure is recognised in the statements of financial performance on accrual basis.

1.5 Taxation

THALEDA has applied for cooperate tax exemptions from the South African Revenue Services. THALEDA accounts for VAT on an invoice basis.

Auditor General South Africa Mpumalanga Business Unit

Registration number 2010/017614/07

Annual Financial Statement of the year ended 30 June 2022

Audited By AGENCY (PTY)LTD 2022 -11- 3

Accounting Policies

1,6 Provisions

Auditor General South Africa Mpumalanga Business Unit

Provisions are recognised when the Agency has a present obligation as a result of a past event; It is probable that an outflow of resources is embodying economic benefit will be required to settle; and the amount of obligation can be estimated reliable.

Provisions are measured at the present value of the amount expected to be required to settle the obligation.

1,7 Intangible assets

An asset is identified as an intangible asset when it:

- is capable of being separated or divided from the Agency and sold, transferred, licensed, rented or exchanged, either individually or together with a related contract, assets 'or liability; or
- arises from contractual rights or other legal rights, excluding rights granted by statue, regardless whether those rights are transferable or separate from the Agency or from other 'rights and obligations. An intangible asset is recognised when:
- it is probable that the expected future economic benefits or service potential that are attributable to the asset will flow to the Agency; and
- the cost or fair value of the asset can be measured reliably. Intangible assets are initially recognised at cost. Where an intangible asset is acquired at no cost, or for a nominal cost, its cost is its fair value as at the date of acquisition.

Expenditure on research (or on the research phase of an internal project) is recognised as an expens when it is incurred.

An intangible asset arising from development (or from the development phase of an internal 'project) recognised when:

- it is technically feasible to complete the asset so that it will be available for use or sale;
- · there is an intention to complete and use or sell it;
- · there is an ability to use or sell it;
- · it will generate probable future economic benefits or service potential;
- there are available technical, financial and other resources to complete the development and to use or sell the asset; and
- the expenditure attributable to the asset during its development can be measured reliably.
 Subsequent to initial measurement intangible assets are carried at cost less any accumulated amortisation and any impairment losses.

An intangible asset is regarded as having an indefinite useful life when, based on all relevant factors, there no foreseeable limit to period over which the asset is expected to generate net net cash inflows or service potential. Amortisation is not provided for these intangible assets but they are tested for impairment annually and whenever there is an indication that the asset may be impaired. The amortisation period and the amortisation method for intangible assets are reviewed at each reporting date. Reassessing the useful life of an intangible asset with a finite useful life after it was classified as indefinite is an indicator that the asset may be impaired. As a result the asset is tested for impairment and the remaining carrying amount is amortised over its useful life. Internally generated brands, mastheads, publishing titles, customer and items similar in substance are not recognised as intangible assets. 'Amortisation is provided to write down the intangible assets, on a straight line basis, to 'their residual values as follows:

Item Useful life

Computer software 5 years

Intangible assets are derecognised on disposal, or when no future economic benefits or service potential are expected from its use or disposal. The gain or loss from the DE recognition of an intangible asset is determined as the difference between the net disposal proceeds, if any, and the carrying amount of the intangible asset.

Such difference is recognised in surplus or deficit when the intangible asset is derecognised.

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Annual Financial Statement of the year ended 30 June 2022

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Accounting Policies

1,8 Going concern

Auditor General South Africa Mpumalanga Business Unit

The annual financial statements have been prepared on the basis of accounting policies applicable to a going concern this basis presumes that funds will be available to finance future operations and that the realisation of assets and settlement of liabilities, contingent obligations and commitments will occur in the ordinary course of business.

1,9 Subsequent events

Events after reporting period were assessed and reported on the managers report for the year ending 30 June 2022.

1,1 Operating leases

Operating lease payments are recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis over lease term. The difference between the amounts recognised as an expense and contractual payments are recognised as an operating lease asset or liability. Liability is not discounted. Any contingent rents are expensed in the period they are incurred.

1,11 Revenue from exchange transactions

Revenue is the gross inflow of economic benefits or service potential during the reporting period when those inflows result in an increase in net assets, other than increases relating to contributions from owners.

An exchange transaction is one in which the municipality receives assets or services, or has liabilities extinguished, and directly approximately equal value (primarily in the form of goods and services use of assets) to the other party in exchange.

Measurement

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of trade discounts and volume rebates.

Rendering of services

When the outcome of a transaction involving the rendering of services can be estimated reliably, revenue associated with the transaction is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the transaction at the reporting date. The outcome of a transaction can be estimated reliably when all the following conditions are satisfied:

- · the amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- it is probable that the economic benefits or service potential associated with the transaction will flow to the Agency;
- · the stage of completion of the transaction at the reporting date can be measured reliably;
- the costs incurred for the transaction and the costs to complete the transaction can be measured reliably. When services are performed by an indeterminate number of acts over a specified time frame, revenue is recognised on a straight line basis over the specified time frame unless there is evidence that some other method better represents the stage of completion. When a specific at is much more significant than any other acts, the recognition of revenue is postponed until the significant act is executed. When the outcome of the transaction involving the rendering of services cannot be estimated reliably, revenue is recognised only to the extent of the expenses recognised that are recoverable. Service revenue the reporting is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the transaction at date.
 Stage of completion is determined by surveys of work performed.

Revenue arising from the use by others of entity assets yielding interest or similar distributions is recognised when:

• it is probable that the economic benefits or service potential associated with the transaction will flow to the Agency;

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Annual Financial Statement of the year ended 30 June 2022

Accounting Policies

1,11 Revenue from exchange transactions (Continued)

 the amount of the revenue can be measured reliably. Interest is recognised, in surplus or deficit, using the effective interest rate method.

1,12 Revenue from non-exchange transactions

Revenue comprises gross inflows of economic benefits or service potential received and receivable by the Agency which represents an increase in net assets, other than increases relating to contribution from owners. Conditions on transferred assets are stipulations that specify that the future economic benefits or service potential embodied in the asset is required to be consumed by the recipient as specified or future economic benefits or service potential must be returned to the transferor. Non-exchange transactions are transactions that are not exchange transactions. In a non-exchange transaction, the Agency either receives value from another party without directly giving approximately equal value in exchange or gives value to another party without directly receiving approximately equal value in exchange Restrictions on transferred assets are stipulations that limit or direct the purposes for which a transferred asset may be used, but do not specify that future economic benefits or service potential is required to be returned to the transferor if not deployed as specified.

Recognition

An inflow of resources from a non-exchange transaction recognised as an asset is recognised as revenue, except to the extent that a liability is also recognised in respect of the same inflow. As the Agency satisfies a present obligation recognised as a liability in respect of an inflow of resources from no exchange transaction recognised as an asset, it reduces the carrying amount of the liability recognised and recognises an amount of revenue equal to that reduction. Revenue received from conditional grants, donations and funding are recognised as revenue to the extent that the Agency has complied with any of the criteria, conditions or obligations embodied in the agreement. To the extent that the criteria conditions or obligations have not been met, a liability is recognised.

Measurement

Revenue from a non-exchange transaction is measured at the amount of the increase in net assets recognised by the Agency. When, as a result of a non-exchange transaction, the Agency recognises an asset, it also recognises revenue equivalent to the amount of the assets measured at its fair value as at the date of acquisition, unless it is also required to recognise a liability. Where a liability is required to be recognised it will be measured as the best estimate of the amount required to settle the obligation at the reporting date, and the amount of the increase in net assets, if any, recognised as revenue. When a liability is subsequently reduced, because a condition is satisfied, the amount of the reduction in liability is recognised as revenue.

1,13 Offsetting

Assets, liabilities, revenue and expenses have not been offset except when offsetting is required or permitted by the standard of GRAP.

1,14 Presentation of Budget information in the Annual Financial Statements

The approved budget is prepared on accrual basis and presented by economic classification linked to performance outcome objectives.

The approved budget covers the fiscal period from 01 July 2021 to 30 June 2022.

Auditor General South Africa Mpumalanga Business Unit

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Accounting Policies

1,15 Impairment of assets

The Agency assesses at each reporting period date whether there is any indication that an asset may be impaired. If any such indication exists, the Agency estimates the recoverable amount of the asset.

Irrespective of whether there is any indication of impairment, the Agency also:
-tests goodwill, with an indefinite useful life or intangible assets not yet available for use for impairment annually by comparing its carrying amount with its recoverable amount. This impairment test performed during the annual period and at the same time every period.

If there is an indication that an asset may be impaired, the recoverable amount is estimated for the individual asset. If it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of the individual asset, the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs is determined.

If an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset (or group of related ass is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount (selling price less costs to complete an sell in the case of inventories), but not in excess of the amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset (or group of assets) in prior years. A reversal of impairment is recognised immediately in surplus or deficit.

1,16 Related parties

A related party is a person or an entity with the ability to control or jointly control the other party or exercise significant influence over the other party, or vice versa, or an entity that is subject to common control, or joint control

THALEDA consider the Thaba Chweu Local Municipality (TCLM) and its entities as related parties.

Management are those persons responsible for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the entity, including those charged with the governance of the entity in accordance with legislation, in instances where they are required to perform such functions.

Close members of the family of a person are considered to be those family members who may be expected to influence, or be influenced by, management in their dealings with the entity.

Only transactions with related parties not at arm's length or not in the ordinary course of business are disclosed



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Annual Financial Statement of the year ended 30 June 2022

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Notes to the Annual Financial Statement

Figures in Rand

2 Property Plant and Equipment's

Auditor General South Africa Mpumalanga Business Unit

		2022		2021		
	Cost	Accumulated depreciation	Carrying value	Cost	Accumulated depreciation	Carrying value
Furniture and Fittings	110 833	(104 252)	6 581	110 833	(93 962)	16 871
Computer equipment's	35 731	(35 687)	43	35 731	(35 472)	259
Office equipment's	7 924	(7 924)	0	7 924	(7 776)	148
Machinery	42 122	(27 896)	14 226	42 122	(19 472)	22 650
	196 610	(175 759)	20 852	196 610	(156 682)	39 929

Reconciliation of property plants and equipments-2022

	Opening balance	additions	Disposals/ Adjustment	Depreciation	Total
Furniture and Fittings	16 871	-	-	(10 290)	6 581
Computer equipment's	259	-	-	(215)	43
Office equipment's	148		-	(148)	0
Machinery	22 650	_	_	(8 424)	14 226
	39 927	-		(19 077)	20 851

Reconciliation of property plants and equipments-2021

	Opening balance	additions	Disposals/ Adjustment	Depreciation	Total
Furniture and Fittings	24 347	3 607	-	(11 083)	16 871
Computer equipment's	474	-	- 1	(215)	259
Office equipment's	296	-		(148)	148
Machinery	24 354	6 565	-	(8 269)	22 650
	49 471	10 172		(19 716)	39 928

3 Intangible assets

	**************************************	2022				2021		
	Cost	Accumulated depreciation	Carrying value		Cost	Accumulated depreciation	Carrying value	
Computer Software's	30 783	(30 783)		0	30 783	(30 783)		0
	30 783	(30 783)		0	30 783	(30 783)		0

Reconciliation of computer softwares-2021

	Opening balance	additions	Disposals	Amortisation	Total
Computer software's		+			
				-	-

Reconciliation of computer softwares-2021

	Opening balance	additions	Disposals	Amortisation	Total
Computer software's	1 001		- 0.	(1 001)	0
	1 001		-	(1 001)	0

THABA CHWEU LOCAL ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT AGENCY (PTY)LTD Registration number 2010/017614/07 Annual Financial Statement of the year ended 30 June 2022

Figu	res in Rand		2022	2021
4	Cash and cash equivalen	t		
ΤΗΔ	LEDA has the following bank	account:		
1112	ELDITHAS THE TOHOWING BANK	decount.		
Ban	k Code A	ccount no Type	Э	
		2302132981 Curr		1 478
		4362049741 7 Da	y Notice 1 202	16 202
	Cash on hand		1 512	986
Jara	avan park cash on hand		803 5 071	711 19 377
			5 0/1	19 377
5	Trade and other receivab	les from exchange transacti	ons	
Gras	skop resort		1 442 000	1 442 000
	rating lease asset		4 934	4 934
	ayment		-	
	hishing Recreational centre		223 180	203 180
			1 670 114	1 650 114
	Provision for Bad Debts		(1 665 179)	(1 645 179
let '	Trade and other recievables	s from exchange transaction	4 935	4 935
	Leave provision			
Staff	and senior management		23 003	21 375
	Trade and other payables	from exchange transaction	s	
lam:	loyee Cost		1 051 805	1 090 247
	d Members Remunerations			65 269
ean	Mantsengwane consulting	Audited	1 498	6 877
ash	iua	By	4 458	998
	kop Gorge	Dy	40 000	
	ry payables	and anyone shall	6 420	6
	om SA	2022 -11- 3 U	0 420	2 503
	a Chweu Local Municipality		63 010	63 010
usk	security cc	Auditor General South	333 1 167 530	333 1 229 242
		Mpumalanga Busines	se Unit	1 223 242
	VAT Payable	Mpumalanga Busine.	241 542	161 412
	Caravan Park revenue			
	F-14			
	visit		20,202	1 057
amp	oing and accommodation		20 383	1 957 1 957
				1 007
	Project monitoring fees		7	
)				
	ct monitoring fee - Graskop 0	Gorge	589 324	432 859
roje	ct monitoring fee - Graskop re	esort		200 870
rojeo rojeo		esort	589 324 - 17 391 606 715	

THABA CHWEU LOCAL ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT AGENCY (PTY)LTD Registration number 2010/017614/07 Annual Financial Statement of the year ended 30 June 2022

Figures in Rand		2022	2021
11 Investment Income-In	terest received		
D			
	earned interest on the following bank account:		4.047
Interest received from 7 day N	Notice account 74362049741		4 047
		-	4 047
12 Board of Directors - re	emuneration		
MJ Thobejane		11 098	15 940
K Tshinetise		8 634	8 916
B Manasoe		8 634	16 590
SJ Jacobus	Audited	-	10 066
T Rabelani			11 243
T Kasalam	Ву	28 366	62 755
	200 11 2 2		
13 Caravan park expense	2022 -11- 3 O		
Consumables expenses		13 012	6 218
Repair and maintenance	Auditor General South Africa	10 827	14 652
Repair and maintenance	Mpumalanga Business Unit	23 839	20 870
	impullialariya busiless offic	20 000	20010
14 Depreciation and Amo	rtisation		
Furniture and fittings deprecial	tion	10 290	11 083
Computer equipment's deprec		215	215
Office equipment's depreciation	n	148	148
Machinery		8 424	8 269
Intangible assets amortisation		***	1 001
		19 077	20 717
15 Employee cost			
Chief Executive Officer			
Basic Salary			-
Bonus Pension			-
Basic Salary Bonus Pension UIF			-
Bonus Pension UIF Travelling allowance			:
Bonus Pension UIF Travelling allowance			:
Bonus Pension UIF Travelling allowance Leave provision adjustment			
Bonus Pension UIF Travelling allowance Leave provision adjustment Other Employees		461 581	427 394
Bonus Pension UIF Travelling allowance Leave provision adjustment Other Employees Basic Salary		461 581 36 927	427 394 34 192
Bonus Pension UIF Travelling allowance Leave provision adjustment Other Employees Basic Salary Bonus			
Bonus Pension UIF Travelling allowance Leave provision adjustment Other Employees Basic Salary Bonus Pension		36 927	34 192
Bonus Pension UIF		36 927 69 238	34 192 64 109
Bonus Pension UIF Travelling allowance Leave provision adjustment Other Employees Basic Salary Bonus Pension UIF		36 927 69 238 3 849	34 192 64 109 3 394

Registration number 2010/017614/07

Annual Financial Statement of the year ended 30 June 2022

Notes to the Annua	Financial Statement
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Figur	es in Rand	2022	2021
16	General expenses		
16,1	Administrative expenses		
	Bank charges	4 221	5 448
	Cleaning	-	1 815
	Computer expenses	4 685	6 275
	Entertainment expenses	7 689	8 579
	Insurance	10 755	8 400
	Interest and Penalties	519	1 315
	Security expenses	3 475	12 327
	Stationary and printing	18 269	18 367
	Subscriptions	15 259	14 618
	Staff training	4 672	14 675
	Telephone and fax	25 971	26 984
		-	
		95 515	118 803
16,2	Operating expenses		
7	Provision for Bad Debts	20 000	1 645 179
	Consulting fees	396 722	332 068
	Traveling and accommodation expenses	16 268	19 389
		432 990	1 996 636
Total	general expenses for the period	528 506	2 115 439

17 Repairs and maintenance

General repairs and maintenance

Audited By 7 5 1 5

2022 -11- 3 0

Auditor General South Africa Mpumalanga Business Unit

THABA CHWEU LOCAL ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT AGENCY (PTY)LTD Registration number 2010/017614/07 Annual Financial Statement of the year ended 30 June 2022

Figures in Rand	2022	2021
18 Cash Generated from operations		
Net surplus/Deficit for the year	(53 428)	(1 522 675)
Add : Depreciation and amortisation	19 077	20 717
Loss on Assets	_	
less: Interest received		(4 047)
Operating profit/ (Loss) before change in working capital	(34 351)	(1 506 006)
Movements in working capital	(60 088)	1 402 001
(Increase)/decrease in Trade and Other receivables	(4)	1 306 718
Increase/(decrease) in Trade and other payables	(60 084)	95 284
Cash generated by operations	(94 438)	(104 003)
Reconciliation of Fruitless and wasteful expenditure Opening balance Unauthorised expenditure current year Condoned by board of directors Transferred to receivables for recovery Amount received Fruitless and wasteful awaiting authorisation 20 Irregular expenditure 2022 -11- 3 0	5 054 - - 5 054	3 252 1 802 - 5 054
Reconciliation of Irregular expenditure Auditor General South Africa	100 100	400 400
Opening balance	123 438	123 438
Approved by board of directors	<u>.</u>	
Transferred to receivables for recovery rregular expenditure awaiting authorisation	123 438	123 438
21 Contractual commitments		
Johan Oosthuizen Land surveyors Transactional Advisors	10 425	10 425
Ngoti development consultants Environmental impact assessn	14 526	14 526
	15 000	15 000
Ngoti development consultants Environmental impact assessn	15 000	13 000
lgoti development consultants Environmental impact assessn lashua Operating lease agreement	39 071	49 490

Registration number 2010/017614/07

Annual Financial Statement of the year ended 30 June 2022

Notes to the Annual	Financial	Statement
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Figures in Rand	2022	2021

22 Operating lease agreement

	On the 1st of April 2020 THALEDA e	ntered into an operating lease agreemer	nt	
	Agreed monthly rental			868
	Cumulative annual escalation rate of	the rental		0%
	Initial rental period	Audited		60 Months
	Payments due within 12 months	By	10 419	10 419
	Payment due after 12 months	,	28 652	39 071
	Total		39 071	49 490
		2022 -11- 3 0		
23	Related parties			
		Auditor General South Africa		
	Amounts included in Trade receiva	ble Vegarain gregate B paintyess Unit		
	Thaba Chweu Local Municipality	43 - 43 - 44 - 44 - 44 - 44 - 44 - 44 -		-
	Amounts included in Trade payable	es regarding related party		
	Thaba Chweu Local Municipality (Ra	tes payables)	55 688	69 312
	Related parties transactions			
	Revenue from non-exchange trans-	actions received from related party		
	Thaba Chweu Local municipality		500 000	500 000
	Service charges incurred from rela	ted party		
	Thaba Chweu Local Municipality		_	

THALEDA benefited from the use of the following facilities provided by related party at no cos

Sabie castle rock caravan park

THALEDA benefited from the use of the following services provided by related party at no cos

 Annual audit services conducted by AGSA was paid by Thaba Chweu local Municipality or behalf of THALEDA

No loans were awarded to key management of THALEDA during the year.

None of the key management has or had significant influence in any entity with whom THALEDA had significant transactions during the year

Registration number 2010/017614/07

Annual Financial Statement of the year ended 30 June 2022

Notes to the Annual Financial Statement

Figures in Rand 2022 2021

24 PPP Disclosures

PPP Disclosures: Graskop Holiday Resort

Description of the agreement:

PPP Agreement to finance, reinstate, design, upgrade, refurbish, develop, expand operate and maintain the Graskop Holiday Resort in Graskop, Mpumalanga.

Terms of the arrangement that may affect the amount, timing and certainty of future that flows:

Clause 10.1: Ring fencing

Clause 14: General Reporting and Financial Reporting Requirements

Clause 19: Operation Fee

Clause 22: Consequences of a Relief Event

Clause 23: Consequences of a Compensation event

Clause 26: Municipal Default

2022 -11- 3 0

Auditor General South Africa Moumalanga Business Unit

By

The nature and extent of rights to use specified assets:

The buildings and other facilities together with all supporting infrastructure, plant and equipment, as required to enable the Private Party to exercise its rights and perform its obligations included in the Project Deliverab

Extent of facility and marketing natural features that are non-developable - 13ha

The obligations to provide or rights to expect provision of services:

None.

The obligations to acquire or build assets:

None. All risk to finance, design, re-instate, upgrade, refurbish, develop, expand, operate, and maintain the facility have been transferred to the Private Party.

The obligations to deliver or rights to receive specified assets at the end of the PPP agreement:

All assets reinstated and built, including all intellectual property will revert back to the municipality at the end of the PPP agreement.

The renewal and termination options:

There is no renewal option. The agreement shall endure until the earlier of the Expiry Date and the Termina Date.

The termination option is contained in Clause 28: Termination of the PPP Agreement.

Other rights and obligations (e.g. major overhauls):

The Private Party have the exclusive right and obligation for its benefit and risk to levy and collect user charges in respect of the Operation and Maintenance, with effect from the Effective Date.

Changes in the agreement occurring during the period:

Variations in terms of the concession (waived operation fee) for the first three years from the Effective Date managed through a contract management plan and approved by the Board of Directors of the Municipal Enl

PPP Disclosures: Graskop Gorge and Lift Centre

Description of the agreement:

PPP Agreement to develop, operate, maintain and transfer the Graskop Gorge Lift and Retail Complex in Graskop, Mpumalanga Province

Registration number 2010/017614/07

Annual Financial Statement of the year ended 30 June 2022

Notes to the Annual Financial Statement

Clause 21: Consequences of a Relief Event

Figures in Rand	2022	2021
riguido irritaria		

Terms of the arrangement that may affect the amount, timing and certainty of future cash flows:

Clause 12: General Reporting and Financial Reporting Requirements Audited

Clause 18: Operation Fee

Clause 22: Consequences of a Compensation event

Clause 25: Municipal Default

2022 -11- 3 0

The nature and extent of rights to use specified assets:

Auditor General South Africa The buildings and other facilities together with all supporting infrastructure plantand entires as Unit required to enable the Private Party to exercise its rights and perform its obligations included in the Asset Register, as updated from time to time.

Extent of facility and marketing natural features that are non-developable - 19ha

The obligations to provide or rights to expect provision of services:

None.

The obligations to acquire or build assets:

None. All risk to develop, operate, maintain the facility have been transferred to the Private Party.

The obligations to deliver or rights to receive specified assets at the end of the PPP agreement:

All assets built, including all intellectual property will revert back to the municipality at the end of the PPP agreement.

The renewal and termination options:

The renewal option is contained in Clause 4: Duration of the PPP Agreement.

The termination option is contained in Clause 27: Effects of Termination of the PPP Agreement.

Other rights and obligations (e.g. major overhauls):

The Private Party have the exclusive right and obligation for its benefit and risk to levy and collect user charges in respect of the Operation and Maintenance, with effect from the Operation Commencement Date.

Changes in the agreement occurring during the period:

None. A contract management plan has been signed to manage all changes, risks and variations to the PPP agreement.

Annexure L: Service delivery backlogs experienced by community where another sphere of government is responsible for service provision

INTEGRATED DEVELOPMENT PLANNING (IDP) SECTOR PRIORITIES

DISTRICT: EHLANZENI DISTRICT MUNICIPALITY

NOVEMBER 2021



NAME OF MUNICIPALITY: THABA CHWEU LOCAL MUNICIPALITY

THABA CHWEU LOCAL MUNICIPALITY DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH	PALITY			
Priority	Problem statement	Affected wards	Location	Proposed intervention
Healthcare Service		13, 4 and 9	Spekboom, Klipspruit, Orighstad, Leroro	That a mobile clinic be dispatched to the said areas twice a wee
Need for a 24hr clinic	Inadequate access to healthcare services	04,5, 10	Coromandel, Draaikraal, Skhila and Graskop	That a clinic be built for the community, alternatively the service of a mobile clinic can be provided in the area twice a week atleast
Need for an ambulance		10	Graskop	That an accessible and efficient ambulance
Need for medical waste storage & construction of waiting area	Inadequate and ineffective health facilities	10	Graskop	De allocated for the residents of Graskop That government allocates a budget for ensuring that the facilities are effective
Need for the refurbishment of Lydenburg Hospital	The Lydenburg Hospital is dilapidated and require refurbishment	14	Lydenburg	That an assessment of the works to be done be conducted and the process of refurbishing the hospital can commence.
Need for availability of Staff, particularly Doctors	Inadequate Doctors working at the Matibidi Hospital	6	Matibidi	That Doctors be deployed into the said space

DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION				
Priority	Problem statement	Affected wards	Location	Proposed intervention
Need for Refurbishment of School	Dilapidated buildings and need for the school to be electrified	13	Spekboom	That an assessment of the work to be done be conducted and allocate funding for the work of hand
Need for a satellite FET College	The Community in The Said Areas Do Not Have Access To A Tertiary Institution	60	Leroro, Moremela, Matibidi	That feasibility studies be conducted to enable the establishment of such a facility in the area
Need for a Secondary school	Insufficient secondary schools in the area	9,10	Mashishing, Moremela	That assessments be conducted by the department on the practicability of a school in the area and strategize on where and how the school can be built.
Primary School	Insufficient primary Schools in the area	02,4,5,13	Mashishing/Coromandel/Draaikral/ Kellysville, Orighstad	That assessments be conducted by the department on the practicability of a school in the area and strategize on where and how the school can be built.
Need for ABET learning Facilities	There are a few the elderly who require learning facilities suitable for their age	4	Badfontein	That the department conducts an assessment and devise a way to provide the facility in the area also in collaboration with other stakeholders

NAME OF MUNICIPALITY: THABA CHWEU LOCAL MUNICIPALITY

THABA CHWEU LOCAL MUNICIPALITY

DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN SETTLEMENTS	LEMENTS			
Priority	Problem statement	Affected wards	Location	Proposed intervention
Need for land for residential development	The communities are in need for land for human settlement as well as to purchase serviced stands for residential purposes for those who don't qualify for RDPs and bond funded houses	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7,10,11 & 13	Mashishing, Badfontein, Draaikraal, Boschfontein, Kellysville, Skhila, Sabie Spekboom, Pilgrims and Brondal area	That the department assists with purchase of land (Brondal, Badfontein, Spekboom), assist with township establishment processes and to provide services for formalised settlements (i.e., Harmony Hill Ext 2, Simile, Mashishing Ext 9 & 10 etc) Assist with secure of fearing for Farm areas
Need for Housing	Need for RDPs, CRUs and Maintenance of dilapidated RDPs	1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9, 10	Mashishing, Sabie, Moremela, Leroro, Coromandel, Matibidi, Graskop	That the department would prepare the land i.e provide services and town planning procedures for the identified land. Assist with refurbishing the facilities at hand.
Need for refurbishments of past built RDPs	Need for replacement of Asbestos roofs as it possesses a risk to occupants	1,2&3	Mashishing	That a budget for the changing of the roofs be set aside and assessments be done with the aid of the municipality
Land Acquisition	Need for land for Human settlement, Communities occupy privately owned land and require services	11, 04, 05, 13	Brondal, Badfontein, Draaikraal, Pilgrims Rest & Spekboom	Land Purchase for township Establishment and provision of services

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Land Tenure	Need for registering of new and rectifying wrongly registered title deeds	All Wards	All areas	Assist with intervening in deregistering previously issued title deeds for RDP developments and to register and issue title deeds for unregistered RDP developments.
Housing	Need for the department to assist resolve the housing requirement for New Town Township	13	Pilgrims Rest	That the department assist with an intervention to resolve the housing requirement

THABA CHWEU LOCAL MUNICIPALITY

DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL DEVELOPMENT

Priority	Problem statement	Affected wards	Location	Proposed intervention
Need for orphanage and Disability centre	Need for orphanage and Disability The elderly and the disabled in some of our sentre wards don't have access to such facilities	1,2, 3,6,7	Mashishing & Sabie	That assessments be done on how the facilities can be offered based on the principles of the department
Need for ECDs	Insufficient Crèches/Early Childhood Development centres	09,13,4,2	Orighstad, Moremela, Klipspruit, Mashishing	
Need for Mobile SASSA Office	The elderly living in these areas have to travel far to receive their grants		Farm Areas, Boschfontein	That the department facilitate for the mobile office to go to the area at certain days per

NAME OF MUNICIPALITY: THABA CHWEU LOCAL MUNICIPALITY

THABA CHWEU LOCAL MUNICIPALITY

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS, ROADS AND TRANSPORT

Priority	Problem statement	Affected wards	Location	Proposed intervention
	Refurbishment/Resurfacing of Provincial roads within the Municipality to stimulate tourism	All Wards	All Towns	Surfacing (tarring) of gravel roads and resurfacing of the provincial roads.
Koads	Need for the construction of a sidewalk from 10 Graskop town to Graskop Ext 5 (Unsafe for the pedestrians walking to their houses)	10	Graskop	That a budget be put aside for the feasibility study and construction of the sidewalk

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS, ROADS AND TRANSPORT	RKS, ROADS AND TRANSPORT			
Land Acquisition/Release/ Partnerships with Private owners for purposes of basic service	Need of land for human settlement	04	Badfontein	That land be acquired for township establishment
	Need to speed up the land claims	05	Kiwi, Shaga, Boschfontein	That land be acquired for township establishment
	Need for sites for housing development (middle- and high-income earners)	90	Simile	That land be acquired for township establishment
Land Acquisition/Release/	Need for an access to land for all development	10	Graskop	That land be acquired for township establishment
Farmerships with Private owners for purposes of basic service delivery	Need for land for human settlement	-	Brondal, Witklip & Hendriksdal	That land be acquired for township establishment
	Pilgrim's Rest & Spekboom	13	(Pilgrim's Rest & Spekboom)	That land be acquired for township establishment
	Need for land for a Taxi Rank	12	Lydenburg	That land be acquired for township establishment
Land Release	Need for land for infill development	01, 02, 03,10,12 & 14	Mashishing, graskop and lydenburg town	That the department release land to the municipality for development
Roads	Need for the department to grade roads	04, 05, 08, 09,	Badfontein, kiwi, shagga,Boschfontein, matibidi, moremela and Leroro	That the department develops a grading programme in both the rural and farm areas within the municipality
Economic Development	Need for revitalisation of Pilgrims Rest	13	Pilgrims Rest	That a town revitalisation programme be developed for economic spin offs

Routes	Problem Statement	Ward/s affected	Affected Towns & Tourism Spots	Required Intervention
R540	Potholes (Out of life span)	01, 02, 03, 04, 05, 12,14	Belfast, Dullstroom, Lydenburg	Refurbishment
R36	Potholes (Out of life span)	04.05	Volenhura Pilorim's Rest	2
001				Returbishment
Ross	Potholes (Out of life span)	13,10	Pilgrim's Rest, Graskop,	Refurbishment
R535	Potholes (Out of life span)		Kruger Park, Kruger National Park, Hazyview	Refurbishment
R536	Potholes (Out of life span)	20	Sabia Hazyawaw Kriger Dork Krigor Notice	

TIADA CITUED LOCAL MONIOFALIT				
DEPARTMENT OF COMMI	DEPARTMENT OF COMMUNITY SAFETY, SECURITY AND LIAISON			
riority	Problem statement	Affected wards	Location	Proposed intervention
Policing	Need for a Police Station	04	Coromandel	That a satellite SAPS office be established

NAME OF MUNICIPALITY: THABA CHWEU LOCAL MUNICIPALITY

DEPARIMENT OF AGRICULTUR	DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE, RURAL DEVELOPMENT, LAND & ENVIRONMENTAL AFFAIRS	RONMENTAL AFFAIRS		
Priority	Problem statement	Affected wards	Location	Proposed intervention
Need for land for farming purposes	Emerging farmers need land to farm.	2&5	Mashishing, Draaikraal,	That land owned by government be released
	Claimants feel there is a delay in the finalisation of Land Claims and the community needs land to farm crops for consumption and commercial purposes		Bosfontein, & Skapskraal	for farming purposes and land with claims submitted must be finalised speedily
Skills development for farmers (Agricultural & Farming)	Capacity development is lacking for agricultural cooperatives and SMMEs	All Wards	All Towns	That the department develops Skills development programmes for SMMEs and
Farming Equipment	Need for equipment by SMMEs and Cooperatives for farming purposes	01, 02,03, 08, 09,	Mashishing/Lydenburg, Northern areas and farm areas	That the department would allocate budget for the purchase of equipment

THABA CHWEU LOCAL MUNICIPALITY	ICIPALITY			
DEPARIMENT OF AGRICUL	DEPARTIMENT OF AGRICULTURE, RURAL DEVELOPIMENT, LAND & ENVIRONMENTAL AFFAIRS	ONMENTAL AFFAIRS		
Stray Animals	Strat animals which pose a risk for tourist	13	Pilgrims Rest	That the department assists with granting proper grazing land for cattle owners and this will address issues of cattle theft
Waste Management	Need to acquire license for closure of landfill sites	07,06	Sabie	That the department assists with the process of closing a land fill site

THABA CHWEU LOCAL MUNICIPALITY

Priority	Problem statement	Affected wards	Location	Proposed intervention
Local Economic Development	Need to stimulate the local economy in order to ensure economic growth and job creation	All Wards	All Towns	That the department assists locals with exploring the local economy through: Access to the Department of Small Business Development Access to MEGA Enforcement of tourism upgrade on TCLM Tourism products under the MTPA custody Facilitate economic Activities in Pilgrims Rest Assist with compliance of the by law and support to informal traders. Have programmes to support township tourism. Assist municipality with MTPA to manage municipal biological aspects i.e. Nature Reserve Assist the municipality with implementing the LED Strategy Upgrading & operationalising of Lydenburg Fisheries/ coordination that it be ceded to the
Economic Development	Need for revitalisation of Pilgrims Rest	13	Pilgrims Rest	That a town revitalisation programme be developed for economic spin offs

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NAME OF MUNICIPALITY: THABA CHWEU LOCAL MUNICIPALITY

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DEPARTMENT OF CULTURE, SPORTS AND RECREATION	SPORTS AND RECREATION			
Priority	Problem statement	Affected wards	Location	Proposed intervention
Public Library	The community in the northern areas, and Coromandel have insufficient access to library facilities	04, 10	Coromandel, Hlabekisa	Construction of new public library
Economic Development	Need for revitalisation of Pilgrims Rest	13	Pilgrims Rest	That a town revitalisation programme be developed for economic spin offs

THABA CHWEU LOCAL MUNICIPALITY	PALITY			
DEPARTMENT OF HOME AFFAIRS	RS			
Priority	Problem statement	Affected wards	Location	Proposed intervention
Immigrants	Illegal immigrants that invade municipal properties/land and tap into the service networks	11, 06, 07, 05, 03	Brondal, NKanini, Polar Park, Riverside, Marikana	Repatriation of illegal Immigrants in informal settlements Control residents' status and assylumship

Activities	The processes or actions that use a range of inputs to produce the desired outputs and ultimately outcomes. In
	essence, activities describe "what we do".
Annual Report	A report to be prepared and submitted annually based on the regulations set out in Section 121 of the Municipal Finance Management Act. Such a report must include annual financial statements as submitted to and approved by the Auditor-General.
Approved Budget	The annual financial statements of a municipality as audited by the Auditor General and approved by council or a provincial or national executive.
Baseline	Current level of performance that a municipality aims to improve when setting performance targets. The baseline relates to the level of performance recorded in a year prior to the planning period
Basic municipal Service	A municipal service that is necessary to ensure an acceptable and reasonable quality of life to citizens within that particular area. If not provided it may endanger the public health and safety or the environment
Budget year	The financial year for which an annual budget is to be approved – means a year ending on 30 1,125
Financial	Includes at least a statement of financial position, statement of financial performance, cash-flow statement, notes to
Statements	these statements and any other statements that may be prescribed.
Integrated	Set out municipal goals and development plans.
Development Plan (IDP)	
Performance	Indicators should be specified to measure performance in relation to input activities outloanes and impacts
Indicator	An indicator is a type of information used to gauge the extent to which an output has been achieved (policy developed)
	presentation delivered, service rendered)
Performance	The level of performance that municipalities and its employees strive to achieve. Performance Targets relate to current
l argets:	baselines and express a specific level of performance that a municipality aims to achieve within a given time period
Service Delivery	Detailed plan approved by the mayor for implementing the municipality's delivery of services: including projections of
Budget	the revenue collected and operational and capital expenditure by vote for each month. Service delivery targets and
Implementation Plan	performance indicators must also be included.
Vote	One of the main segments into which a budget of a municipality is divided for appropriation of money for the different
	departments or functional areas of the municipality. The Vote specifies the total amount that is appropriated for the
	Section 1 of the MFMA defines a "vote" as:
	a) one of the main segments into which a budget of a municipality is divided for the appropriation of money for the
	different departments or functional areas of the municipality; and
	b) Which specifies the total amount that is appropriated for the purposes of the department or functional area concerned